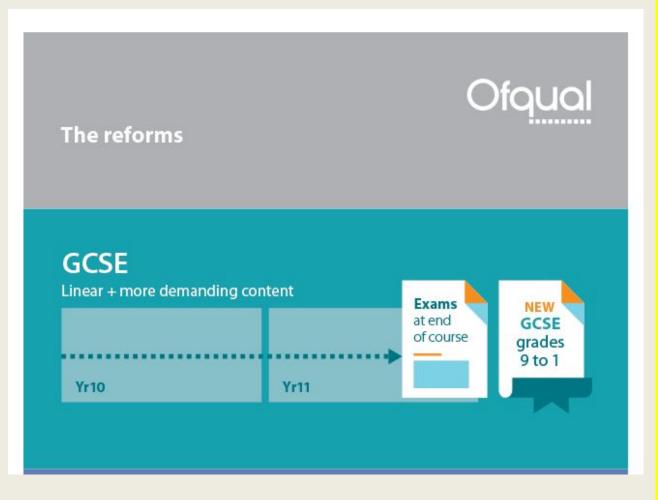


Changes - Raising the bar

- 1. Curriculum / content
- 2. Coursework / Controlled assessments
- 3. New grading system
- 4. New "good pass"

New curriculum



More
 Content

- More
 Demanding
 Content
- "Linear"

 (Exams at the end of Y11
 only)

Changes - Raising the bar

- 1. Curriculum / content
- 2. Coursework / Controlled assessments
- 3. New grading system
- 4. New "good pass"

New curriculum – just exams ?

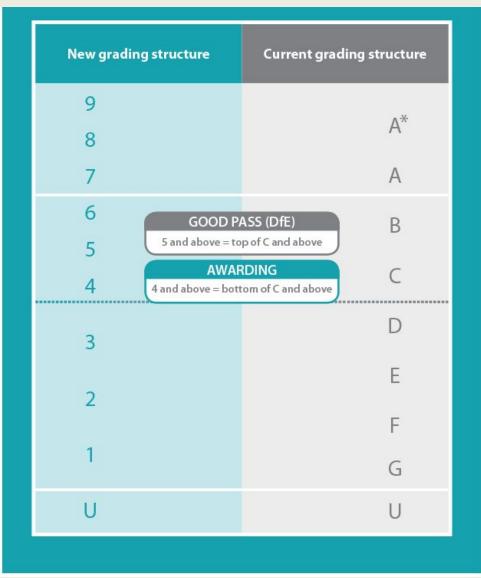
Practical assessment in:

- Art (60%)
- Design and Technology (50%)
- Drama (60%, largely written)
- Food preparation and nutrition (50%)
- PE (40% + 60% coursework in exam conditions)
- Modern Languages (25% speaking)
- Music (30%)
- H&SC (100%)
- All other GCSEs are assessed completely on exams taken at the end of the course.

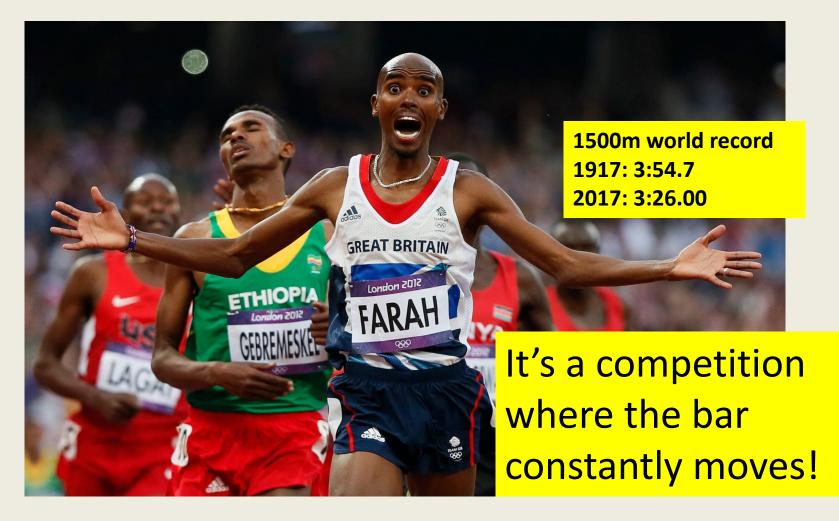
Changes - Raising the bar

- 1. Curriculum / content
- 2. Coursework / Controlled assessments
- 3. New grading system
- 4. New "good pass"

New gradings – 1 to 9



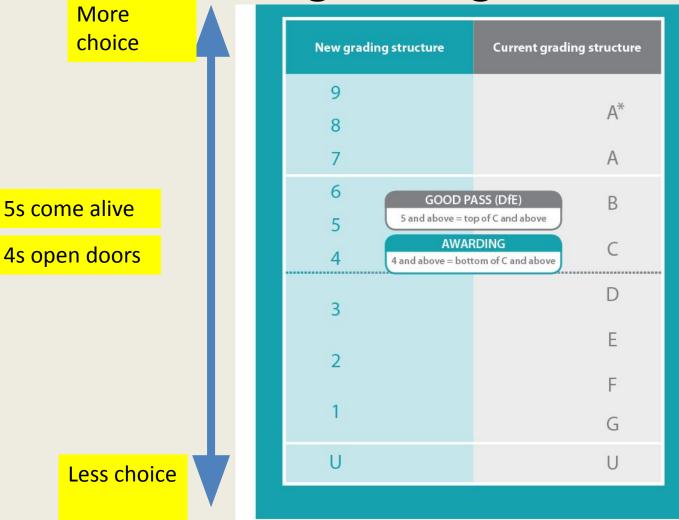
Grades calculated in a new way



Raising the bar

- 1. Curriculum / content
- 2. Coursework / Controlled assessments
- 3. New gradings
- 4. New "good pass" and "standard pass"

New gradings – 1 to 9



Supporting our Students: Support in School

- Subject Teachers
- Form Tutors
- Y10 Progress Leader (Y10 is Mr Leet)
- Student Support Team
- Mr Barns (Associate Principal, responsibility for Y10)

Assessing and Monitoring Progress at GCSE

Target Grade: What they should achieve at the end of GCSE – based on prior attainment and top 20% for progress – attainable!

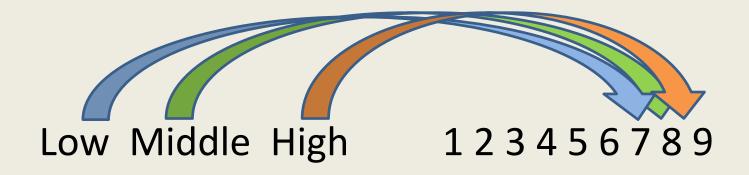
Other support

- Revision Guides
- Mock exams
- Revision Skills
- Revision on website
- Pre exam sessions

Progress

Who should be most proud? Who should be disappointed?

We like to reward progress more than outcomes



How can parents and carers support their child?

- Take an interest in their studies
- Ask to look at books (including review windows)
- Assist them with homework
- Discuss their reports with them
- Help them to set ambitious yet realistic targets
- Encourage them to have a healthy lifestyle
- Contact the Academy if there is a problem

How can parents and carers support their child?

• Help them review their learning through:

Frequent low stakes testing
("retrieval practice").

Knowledge Organisers

What is Urbanisation?

Causes of U

The

ų,

Wh

Types

An urban area with

Where is Urbanisation

happening? Urbanisation is happening all over the word but in

LICs and NEEs rates are much faster than HICs. This

is mostly because of the

rapid economic growth

they are experiencing.

Rural - urban migration (1)

Push

Natural disasters

War and Conflict

Mechanisation

 Drought Lack of employment

Increase in birth rate (BR)

High percentage of

Lack of contraception or

Megacity

population are child-bearing

age which leads to high fertility rate.

education about family planning.

Natural Increase (2)

Sustainable Urban Living

Traffic Management

This is an increase in the amount of people living in urban areas such as towns or cities. In 2007, the UN announced that for the first time, more than 50 % of the world's population live in urban areas

Business Studies

SE

Sustainable urban living means being able to live in cities in ways that do not pollute the environment and using resources in ways that ensure future generations also can use then.

Urban areas are busy places with many people travelling by different modes of transport. This has caused urban areas to experience different traffic congestion that can lead to various problems.

Key Terms

Leadership & Management

- Authoritarian Leadership: This style of management means that one person makes the decisions. ٠
- Democratic Leadership: This style of management allows employees to take part in decision making.
- Laissez Faire Leadership: Employees are left to make many of the decisions rather than receiving clear instructions.
- Delegation: Giving others the authority to undertake a task.
- Hierarchy: An organisation in which power and responsibility are built up in layers with the most powerful at the top.
- Line Manager: A worker's immediate superior.
- Span of Control: The number of people or departments that a person has under their direct command.
- Delayering: Removing a layer of management to save money/increase efficiency.

Remuneration (Methods of payment)

- Bonuses: Additional amounts of money above normal pay as a reward for good work.
- Commission: Payment relating to the number of sales made, often calculated as a percentage value of ٠ sales.
- Fringe Benefits: Non monetary rewards given as incentives to employees. (perks) ٠
- Minimum Wage: The lowest sum an employer can legally pay an employee. ٠
- Performance Related Pay: Pay related to the effectiveness of the employee. ٠
- Salary: A system of pay based on an annual income, paid monthly or weekly, that may not lay down the number of hours to be worked.
- Wage: Payment for work usually paid weekly.

of current megacities are located in either NEEs (Nigeria) and LICs (Uganda). The amount of megacities are predicted to increase from 28 to 41 by 2030.

This is the linking of different forms of public and private transport within a city and the surrounding area.

Brownfield Site

Brownfield sites is an area of land or premises that has been previously used, but has subsequently become vacant, derelict or contaminated.

This is a zone of land surrounding a city where new building is strictly controlled to try to prevent cities growing too much and too fast.

Urban Regeneration

The investment in the revival of old, urban areas by either improving what is there or clearing it away and rebuilding.



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Being your child's coach



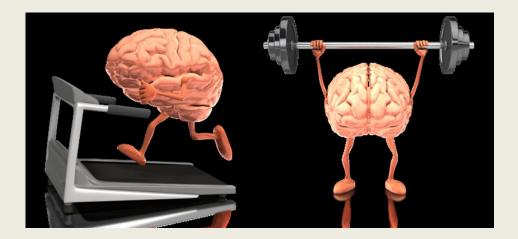
Being your child's coach



"I've got no homework"

- Sam Learning
- GCSE Pod
- Seneca
- BBC Bitesize
- Youtube

"Some people are smarter than others" Be the best *you* can be. However much I train I won't be as fast as Mo Farrah. But I can be a lot faster than I am now.



"Something outside my control has made it not my fault" or "I would do better but..." Everyone has obstacles, and it's sometimes hard, but successful people overcome them.



- "I tried and failed in the past."
- See failure as a learning opportunity what do I need to do differently next time?



- "I'll have fun now and work hard at the end"
- Work you do now will not be repeated if your work is badly organised and/or you answer questions "well enough" that will be all you have to revise from.



- "I'll revise hard for the *real* exams"
- 1) it's better to remind yourself each time than learn it from scratch
- 2) if you don't revise you won't be able to practise exam technique.



- "It's boring"
- Sometimes important things are



Be the right coach at the right time

- "mild anger" vs "sympathy"
- Sometimes protect and reign in
- Love, care and help them manage their stress

• Subject Leaders

